استمارة مستخلصات رسائل واطاريح الماجستير والدكتوراه في جامعة البصرة

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التخصص: فسلجة نخيل الشهادة: الدكتوراه

عنوان الرسالة او الاطروحة

تأثير الرش بمركبات الشد البيني في بعض مؤشرات الأوراق وصفات الثمار الكيميوحيوية والتشريحية وحاصل الشجرة في نخيل التمر Phoenix تأثير الرش بمركبات الشد البيني في بعض مؤشرات الأوراق وصفات الثمار الكيميوحيوية والتشريحية وحاصل الشجرة في نخيل التمر dactylifera L.

ملخص الرسالة او الاطروحة:

College : Agricultural
Dept : Horticulture And Land scape

Certificate : Doctorate

Name of student: Muntaha Abdul-Zahra Ati Name of Supervisors: Assit. Prof.Dr. Ali Hussein Attaha Assit. Prof.Dr. Huda Abdul-Kareem Abdul-Wadood Specializtion Horticulture And Land scape (Physiology of Date)

Title of Thesis:

Effect of Spraying of Environmental Stress Compounds on Some Leaf Parameters, Fruit Biochemical and Anatomical Characters and Yield of Date Palm (*Phoenix dactvlifera* L.) cv. Hillawi

Abstract of Thesis:

This study was conducted in a private orchard at Abu El-Khasseb District, Basrah Governorate during the growing seasons of 2014 and 2015 to investigate effect of foliar spray of environmental stress compounds of Fegeamino and Drin at concentrations of (2 and 4) ml.L-¹ and Ascorbic Acid at concentrations (500 and 1000)mg.L⁻¹ on some biochemical, anatomical characters and yield components of date palm cv. Hillawi during the ripening stage of Khalal, Rutab and Tamir. Results showed that most influencail bio-combination treatments were Fegeamino at 2ml.L⁻¹ with once spray which gave significant increases in fruit and flesh and seed fresh weight of the second season, fruit length of the first season and cell length, whereas Fegeamino treatment at 2ml.L⁻¹ and twice spray gave significant increases in fruit ripening percentage, fruit soluble protine, leaf potassium to sodium ratio, vitamin C of fruit and cell width, and Fegeamino treatment at 2ml.L⁻¹ and trice spray had significant increases in fruit dry matter percentage of the first season, total yield, carotene pigment concentration, gibbirellins concentration, exocarp thickness and number of cell in mm² of inner mesocarp.

Drin treatment at 4 ml.L⁻¹ and trice spray increased significantly fruit total acidity, free amino acids , fruit total chlorophyll and carotene pigment concentration and, catalase activity . Ascorbic Acid treatment at 500 mg.L⁻¹ with twice spray increased significantly fruit and flesh fresh weight of the first season, fruit length and diameter of the second season , and leaf soluble protein , whereas Ascorbic Acid treatment at 1000 mg.L⁻¹ and trice spray increased significantly bunch weight , peroxidase activity of leaf and fruit, and catalase activity of leaf. Control treatment of biocombination gave significant increases in fruit moisture content of the second season and total soluble solids of fruit . Results of protein pattern showed the occurrence of deferential gene expression in which a number of bands