

**تغذير المستامين في بعض الأغذية المحلية وتحديد جينات المستدين (*hdc*) ومتابعاتها في البكتيريا المعزولة منها ودورها في تراكم المستامين**

ملخص الأطروحة:

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Dept.:Food science

**Certificate: P.H.D.**

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## **Estimation of histamine in some local food and detection of histidine genes ( *hdc*) and sequences it from some bacteria and role it's in accumulation of histamine**

## Abstract of Thesis:

ELISA technique was used to estimate of histamine in muscles of several types of local fresh fish, including fish: *Tenualosa ilisha*, *Megalaspis cordyla*, *Chirocentrus dorab* and *Scomberoides commersonianus* in addition of the shrimp *Metapenaeus affinis*. The rate of histamine were 4.483 and 3.953 and 3.353 and 3.16 and 2.03 mg/kg respectively. And estimate of histamine in Ripening cheese such as cheddar , Alkuda , Almoszerla and Oloadam cheese and smoked Hajdu . Results found that the rates of histamine were 4.267 , 2.433, 1.167 , 3.667 and 1.833 mg /100 g respectively. The isolation bacteria were found as a follow : *K. pneumonia sub. pneumonia* , *K. oxytoca* , *M.morganii sub. Morganii* , *E.aerogenes* , *E.cloacae* , *C.sakazakii* , *E.taylorae* , *C. freundii* , *C. amalonaticus* , *P.marina* , *P.vulgaris* , *P.mirabilis* , *H.alvei* , *E.coli* , *S.marcescens* , *S.fonticola* , *V.vulnificus* , *V.diazotrophicus* , *V.hollisae* , *V.alginolyticus* , *V.cholera* , *V.parahaernolyticus* , *V.fluvialis* , *L.helveticus* , *L.crispatus* , *L.gasseri* , *L.reuteri* , *L.rhamnosus* , *L.johnsonii* , *L.salivarius* , *P.aeruginosa* , *P.fluorescens* , *S.saprophyticus* , *S.aureus* , *S.intermedius* , *S.epidermidis* , *B.Pumilus* , *B.Licheniformis* , *B. firmus* , *B.subtilis* , *B.alvei* , *A.caviae* , *A.veronii bv.veronii* , *A.eucrenophila* , *A.Sobria* , *A.veronii* , *A.encheleia* , *L.plantarum* , *L.delbrueckii* , *Lactobacillus acidophilus* , *Lactobacillus casei* , *Lactobacillus fermentum* and *Lactobacillus paracasei* . Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) technique was used for identification all isolated of *Lactobacillus* bacteria which was isolated from fish and shrimp, as well as ripening cheese depending on the bacterial 16S rRNA gene sequences of bacteria with using several different types of diagnosed primers have been identified for each of the bacteria : *L.acidophilus* , *L.plantarum* , *L.delbrueckii* , *L.fermentum* , *L.helveticus* , *L.crispatus* , *L.gasseri* , *L.reuteri* , *L.rhamnosus* , *L.paracasei* , *L.johnsonii* , *L.salivarius* and *L.casei* . Used 9 primers in RAPD technique to find out the genetic link between different strains of *Lactobacillus* bacteria, the results showed that the number and location of randomized bands may differ in some bacterial species and other has fit with it's and produced a variety genetic of bacterial strains, in particular a number of bands as possible to get a variety of different genetic profiles among *Lactobacillus* isolates . The results obtained from RAPD technique showed that the total number of bands were 630 bands and the total number of bands formed genetically was 127 and the total proportion of genetic variation among the isolates amounted to 20.15% . All fifty three isolates of bacteria which isolated from fish , shrimp and ripening cheeses that producing and did not producing histamine subjected to amplified genes which responsible of the histamine production by using the primers HIS1-F/HIS1-R ; JV16HC/ JV17HC ; Hdc-f/ Hdc-r ; 106/107 and UNI-L/ UNI-R . Amplification results showed that all primers used to amplified genes of histamine gene different genes sizes depending on the types of bacteria when were positive or negative to Gram stain and their Origen It was found the size of the gene was 350 base pairs , was found in G<sup>+</sup> bacteria which isolated from fish , shrimp and cheese ripening . same results were found when amplified HIS1-R/HIS1-F primer , the size of histamine gene most positive Gram bacteria stain . High size of histamine gene 709 base pair appeared when amplified Hdc-r/ Hdc-f primer. However, the size of histamine gene was 530 base pairs, when amplified 106/107 primer, the gene was found in most G<sup>-</sup> bacteria. On the other hand, the UNI-L/UNI-R primer did not amplify in all isolates of bacteria which isolated from fish, shrimp and ripening cheeses. Results of sequences of histidine gene rate of semillarity(85-100)% comparing with the genes of Gene Bank. Extraction of plasmids from all isolated bacteria was done. Results showed that isolates have different types of plasmids bands (small and large size) and when the electric deportation of the genetic material of plasmids on gel agarose while some other isolates appeared possess one plasmid.